Multiplying and Dividing Rational Expressions 11.4

Multiplying and Dividing Rational Expressions

- You can use the same rules that you used for multiplying and dividing fractions to multiply and divide rational expressions.
- Let *a*, *b*, *c*, and *d* be polynomials.

• Multiplying:
$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ac}{bd}$$
, where $b, d \neq 0$.

• Dividing:
$$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} \bullet \frac{d}{c} = \frac{ad}{bc}$$
, where $b, c, d \neq 0$.

Find each product and identify excluded values.

a.
$$\frac{7x^2}{3} \cdot \frac{9}{14x}$$

Reduce before multiplying

b.
$$\frac{5h}{3(h+4)} \cdot \frac{3h+9}{h+3}$$

Find each product and identify excluded values.

a.
$$\frac{7x^2}{13} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{14x}$$

Reduce before multiplying

b.
$$\frac{5h}{3(h+4)} \cdot \frac{3h+9}{h+3}$$

Multiplying Rational Expressions

Find each product and identify excluded values.

a.
$$\frac{x}{13} + \frac{7x^2}{14x} = \frac{3}{14x} = \frac{3x}{2}$$

 $x = 0$

Reduce before multiplying

Multiply

Excluded Value

b.
$$\frac{5h}{3(h+4)} \cdot \frac{3h+9}{h+3}$$

Factor and Reduce before multiplying

Multiplying Rational Expressions

Find each product and identify excluded values.

a.
$$\frac{x}{13} + \frac{7x^2}{14x} = \frac{3}{14x} + \frac{3}{14x} = \frac{3x}{2}$$

 $= \frac{3x}{2}$
 $x = 0$
b. $\frac{5h}{13(h+4)} = \frac{3(h+3)}{h+3} = \frac{5h}{h+4}$
 $x = -4, -3$

Reduce before multiplying

Multiply

Excluded Value

Factor and Reduce before multiplying

Multiply

Excluded Values

On Your Own Find each product and identify excluded values. 1. $\frac{8y^2}{v-5} \cdot \frac{3}{4v}$ $=\frac{6y}{y-5}; y=5,0$ 2. $\frac{16}{8-c} \cdot (c-8)$ = -16; c = 8**3.** $\frac{2z-4}{6} \cdot \frac{3}{z^2-7z+10} = \frac{1}{z-5}; z = 5, 2$

Dividing Rational Expressions

- When dividing you multiply by the inverse of the second fraction.
- Reduce only when multiplying.

Example 1: Find the quotient $\frac{p^2 - p - 6}{p+1} \div (p^2 - 4)$.

$$\frac{p^2 - p - 6}{p + 1} \div \frac{p^2 - 4}{1}$$
$$= \frac{p^2 - p - 6}{p + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{p^2 - 4}$$
$$= \frac{(p - 3)(p + 2)}{p + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{(p - 2)(p + 2)}$$
$$= \frac{p - 3}{(p + 1)(p - 2)}$$

The excluded values are p = -1, 2, -2.

On Your Own Find each quotient and identify excluded values. 4. $\frac{t-2}{2t} \div \frac{t-2}{4t^2}$ = 2t; t = 2,05. $(g+1) \div \frac{g^2 + g}{g-1} = \frac{g-1}{g}; g = 0, 1, -1$ 6. $\frac{d+5}{d-1} \div (d^2 + 4d - 5) = \frac{1}{(d-1)(d-1)}; d = 1, -5$