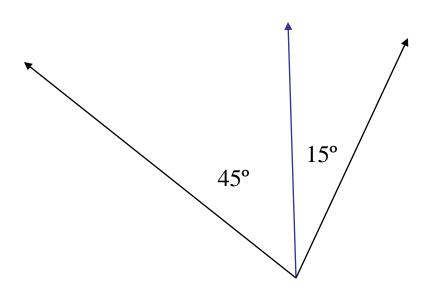
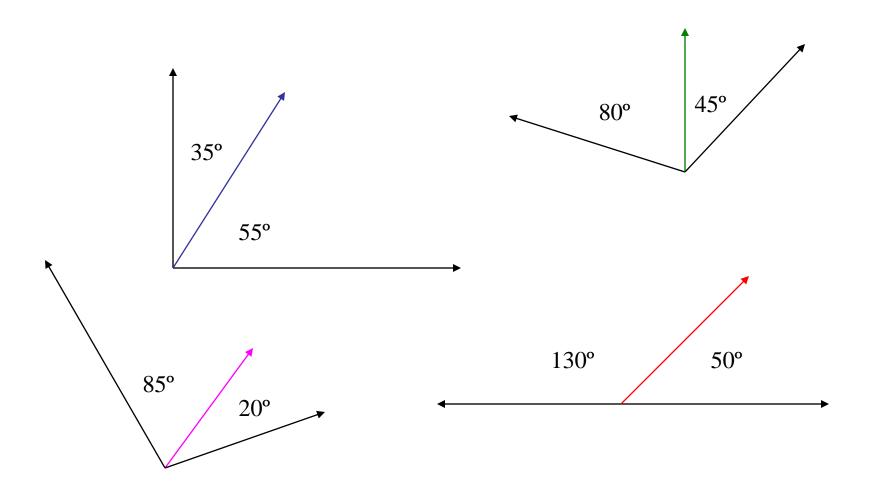
# Adjacent, Vertical, Supplementary, and Complementary Angles

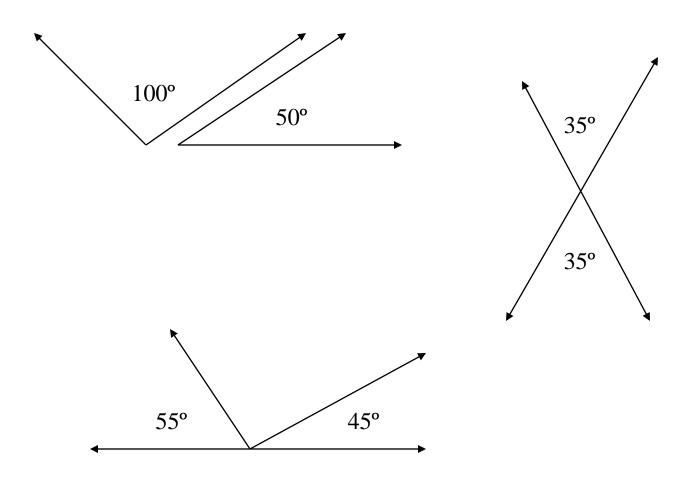
### Adjacent angles are "side by side" and share a common ray.



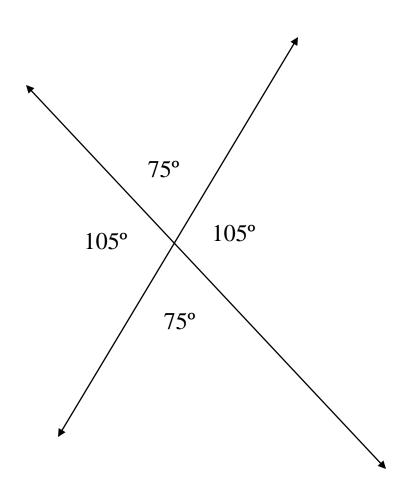
#### These are examples of adjacent angles.



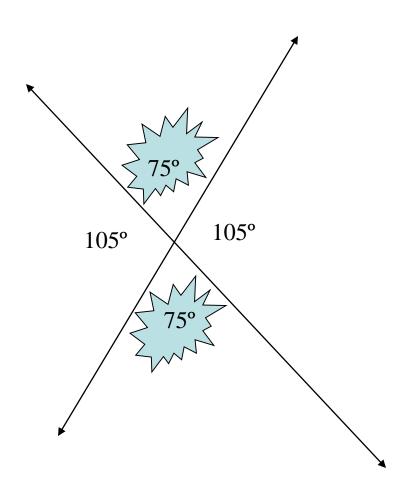
### These angles are NOT adjacent.



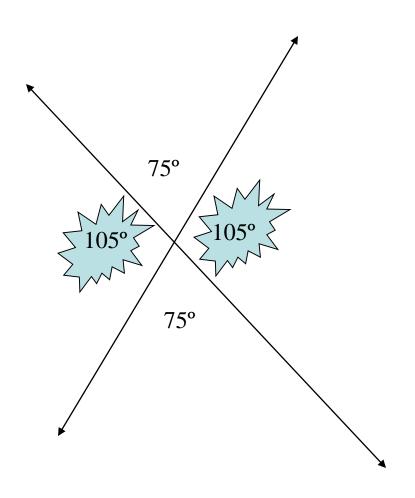
### When 2 lines intersect, they make vertical angles.



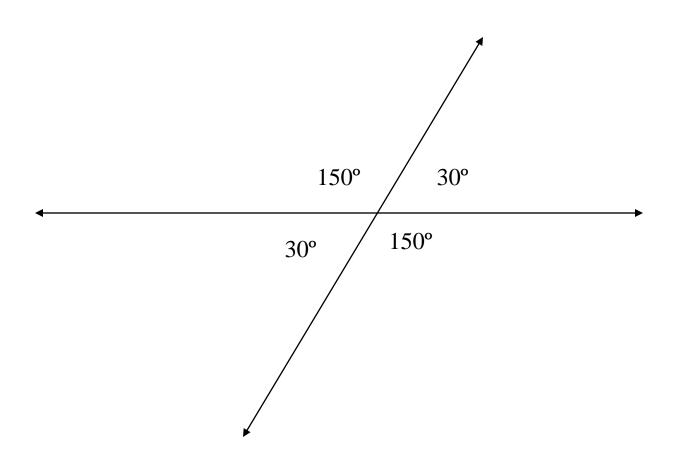
### Vertical angles are opposite one another.



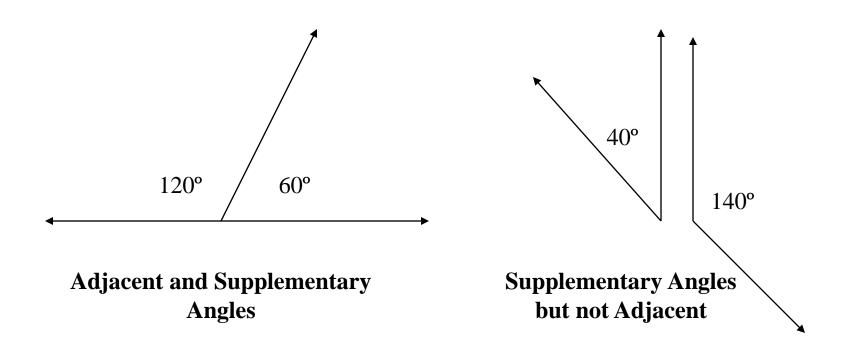
### Vertical angles are opposite one another.



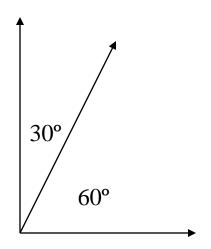
#### Vertical angles are congruent (equal).



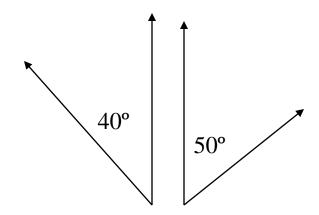
#### Supplementary angles add up to 180°.



#### Complementary angles add up to 90°.



Adjacent and Complementary
Angles



Complementary Angles but not Adjacent

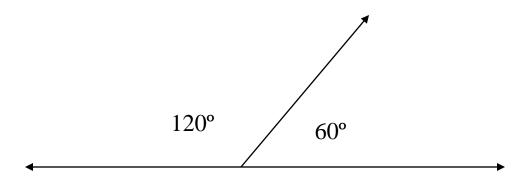
#### Practice Time!

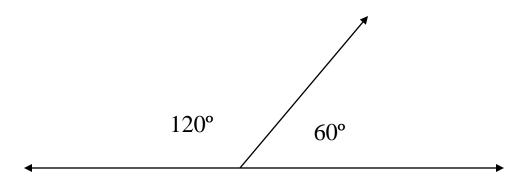


### Directions:

Identify each pair of angles as vertical, supplementary, complementary, or none of the above.

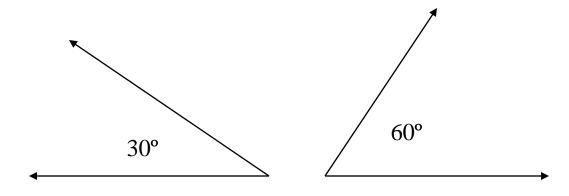


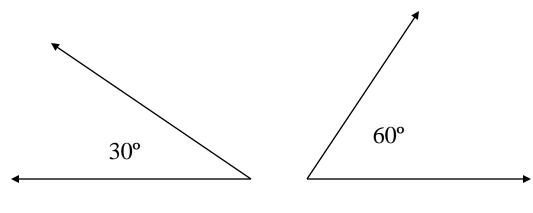




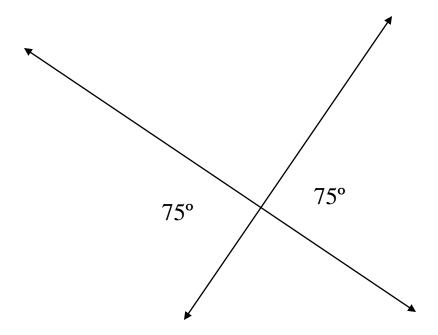
**Supplementary Angles** 

#2

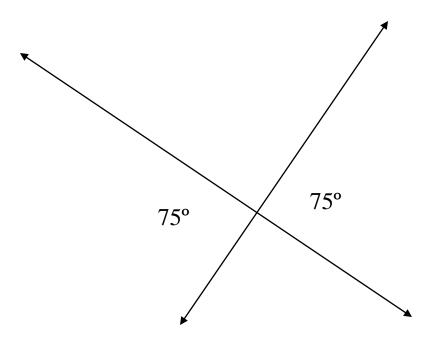


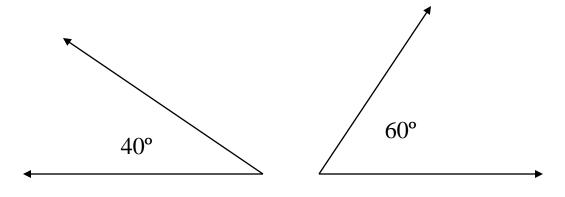


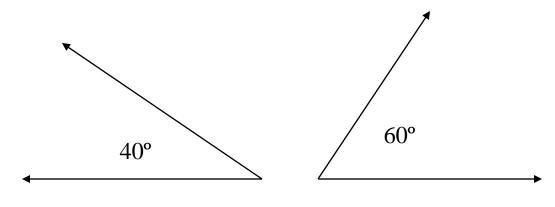
**Complementary Angles** 



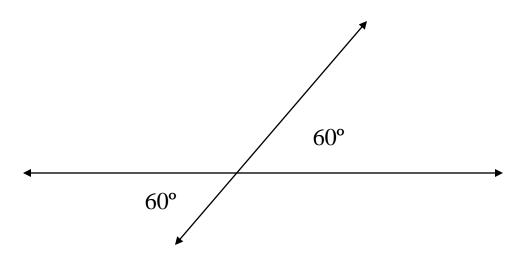
#### **Vertical Angles**

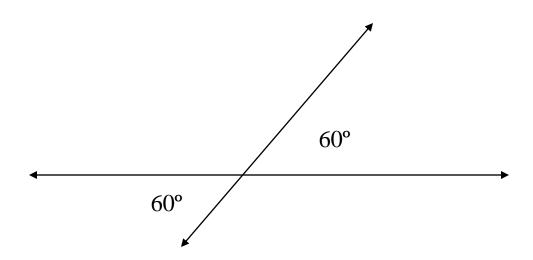




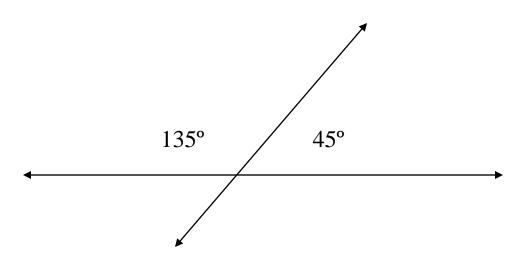


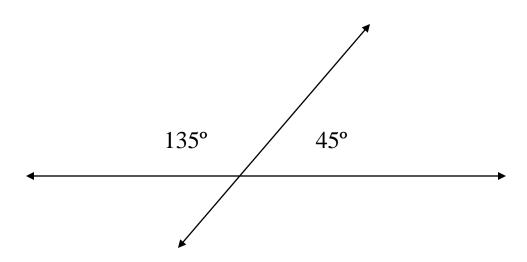
None of the above



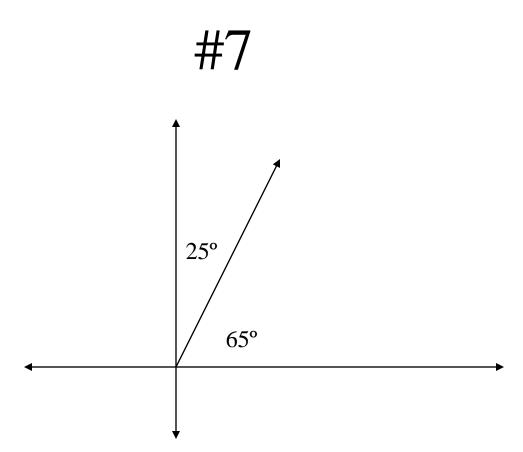


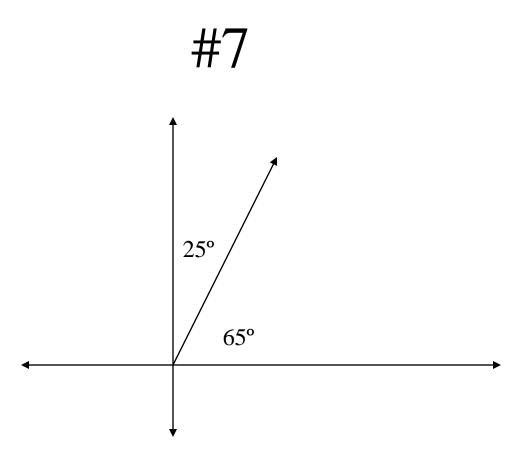
**Vertical Angles** 



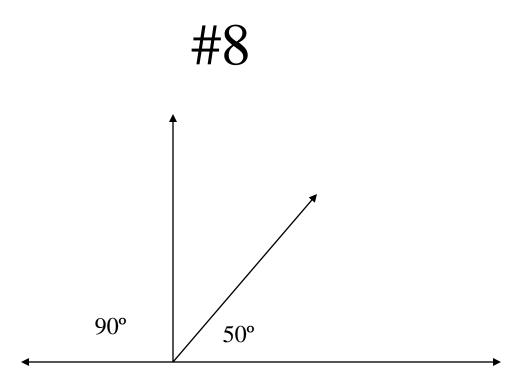


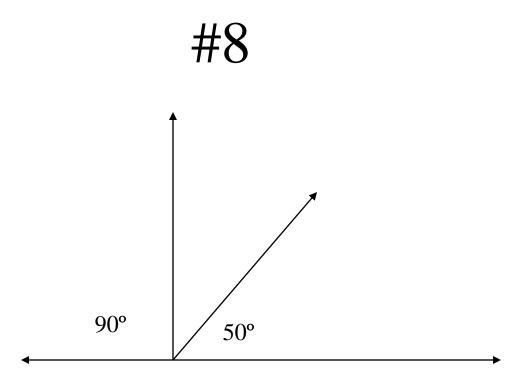
**Supplementary Angles** 





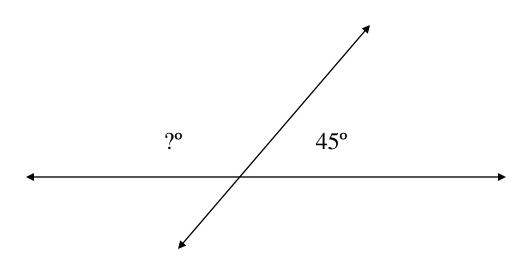
**Complementary Angles** 

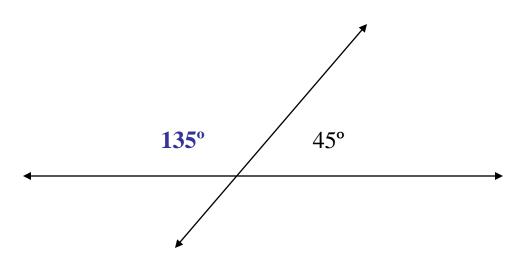




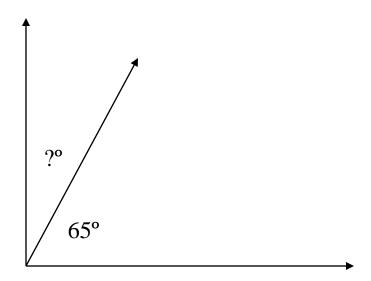
None of the above

## Directions: Determine the missing angle.

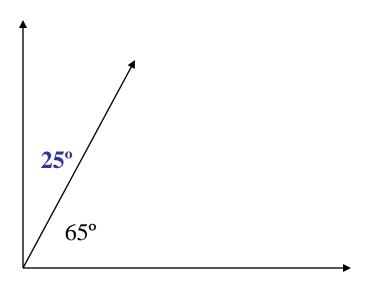


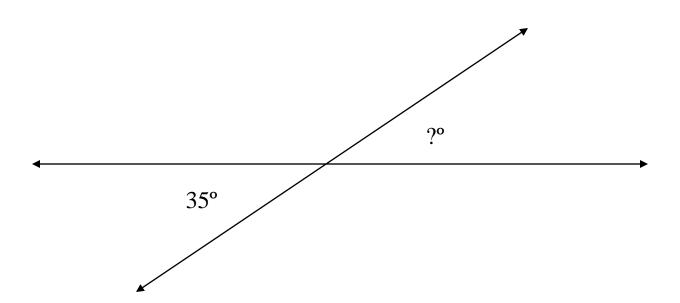


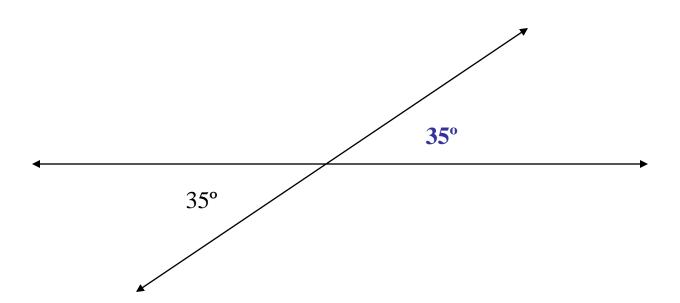












#4

