7.2

## Complementary and Supplementary Angles

Key Ideas
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Words Two angles are complementary angles when the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

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## Examples


$\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are complementary angles.

## Supplementary Angles

Words Two angles are supplementary angles when the sum of their measures is $180^{\circ}$.

## Key Ideas

## Complementary Angles

Words Two angles are complementary angles when the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

## Examples


$\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are complementary angles.

## Supplementary Angles

Words Two angles are supplementary angles when the sum of their measures is $180^{\circ}$.

## Examples


$\angle 3$ and $\angle 4$ are supplementary angles.

## EXAMPLE (1) Classifying Pairs of Angles

Tell whether the angles are complementary, supplementary, or neither.
a.

$70^{\circ}+110^{\circ}=180^{\circ}$
Supplementary
b.

$41^{\circ}+49^{\circ}=90^{\circ}$
Complementary
c.

$128^{\circ}+62^{\circ}=190^{\circ}$
Neither

## On Your Own

Tell whether the angles are complementary, supplementary, or neither.


Neither
2.

Supplementary

## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary. Then find the value of $x$.
a.

b.


## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary.

 Then find the value of $x$.

The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.
b.


## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary.

 Then find the value of $x$.

The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
4 x+36=90
$$

b.


## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary.

 Then find the value of $x$.

The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4 x+36=90 \\
4 x=54
\end{array}
$$

b.


## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary.

 Then find the value of $x$.

The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+36 & =90 \\
4 x & =54 \\
x & =13.5
\end{aligned}
$$

b.


## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary. Then find the value of $x$.



The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+36 & =90 \\
4 x & =54 \\
x & =13.5
\end{aligned}
$$



The two angles make up a straight angle. So, the angles are supplementary and the sum of their measures is $180^{\circ}$.

## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary. Then find the value of $x$.



The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+36 & =90 \\
4 x & =54 \\
x & =13.5
\end{aligned}
$$

b.


The two angles make up a straight angle. So, the angles are supplementary and the sum of their measures is $180^{\circ}$.

$$
x+(x-4)=180
$$

## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary. Then find the value of $x$.



The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+36 & =90 \\
4 x & =54 \\
x & =13.5
\end{aligned}
$$

b.


The two angles make up a straight angle. So, the angles are supplementary and the sum of their measures is $180^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
x+(x-4) & =180 \\
2 x-4 & =180
\end{aligned}
$$

## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary. Then find the value of $x$.



The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+36 & =90 \\
4 x & =54 \\
x & =13.5
\end{aligned}
$$

b.


The two angles make up a straight angle. So, the angles are supplementary and the sum of their measures is $180^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
x+(x-4) & =180 \\
2 x-4 & =180 \\
2 x & =184
\end{aligned}
$$

## EXAMPLE 2 Using Complementary and Supplementary Angles

## Tell whether the angles are complementary or supplementary. Then find the value of $x$.



The two angles make up a right angle. So, the angles are complementary and the sum of their measures is $90^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 x+36 & =90 \\
4 x & =54 \\
x & =13.5
\end{aligned}
$$

b.


The two angles make up a straight angle. So, the angles are supplementary and the sum of their measures is $180^{\circ}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
x+(x-4) & =180 \\
2 x-4 & =180 \\
2 x & =184 \\
x & =92
\end{aligned}
$$

